



OVERBURDEN ISOPACHS - Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, from surface to top of coal bed. Dashed where vertical accuracy possibly not within 40 feet. Isopach interval 100 feet (31 m) for the R bed; 200 feet (61 m) for the FU[1] bed.

DRILL HOLE - Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, from surface to top of coal bed.

MINING-RATIO CONTOUR - Number indicates cubic yards of overburden per ton of recoverable coal by surface mining methods. Contours shown only in areas underlain by coal of Reserve Base thickness within the stripping-limit (in this quadrangle, the 200-foot-overburden isopach). To convert mining ratio to cubic meters of overburden per metric ton of recoverable coal, multiply mining ratio by 0.8428.

FU[1] - Fort Union [1]
R - Robertson

COAL BED SYMBOLS AND NAMES - Coal beds identified by bracketed numbers are not formally named, but are numbered for identification purposes in this quadrangle only.

----- R -----

TRACE OF COAL BED OUTCROP - Showing symbol
of name of coal bed as listed above.
Short dashed where inferred by present
authors.

To convert feet to meters, multiply feet by 0.3048.

NOTE: Overburden isopachs and mining ratio contours are not drawn beyond dotted line because of insufficient data.

Base from U.S. Geological Survey, 1957

This report has not been edited for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards or stratigraphic nomenclature.

Compiled in 1977/1978

SCALE 1:24 000

1 0 1 MILE

1000 0 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 6000 7000 FEET

1 0 1 KILOMETER

WYOMING

COAL RESOURCE OCCURRENCE MAP OF THE NORTHEAST QUARTER OF THE BAGGS
15-MINUTE QUADRANGLE, CARBON COUNTY, WYOMING
BY
DAMES & MOORE
1979

PLATE 5

OVERBURDEN ISOPACH AND MINING
RATIO MAP OF THE ROBERTSON
AND THE FORT UNION [1] COAL BEDS